

# CareSearch and palliAGED putting evidence into everyday practice

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- Increasing Ageing population –longevity revolution
- Despite all the advancements in modern medicine, the mortality rate remains at 100%
- The number of people dying is set to double over the next 25 years
- Leading causes of death -dementia, cardiac disease and cancer
- 21st C people live with chronic conditions for many years before dying

'In this world, nothing can be said to be certain except death and taxes' (B. Franklin)

### AGED CARE PUZZLE DEMAND VS SUPPLY DECLINING WORKFORCE RATIO **GROWING POPULATION** GROWING DEMAND 1970 1984 TODAY DECLINING 15.6m | 1.58m 23.6m | 3.45m 2010 2050 2024 2044 28.3m | 4.76m 38.7m | 7.75m AGEING WORKERS MEDIAN AGE IN WORKFORCE SECTORS AGEING SOCIETY AEC Education Construction ( Community Aged Care Finance (\$5) Residential Retail ( 2044 Aged Care INCREASED LONGEVITY 33.4 37.3 38.5 41.1 42.1 48.0 50.0 TODAY MASS RETIREMENT 2024 240,445 WORKERS IN THE AGED CARE SECTOR POPULATION PYRAMIDS 2044 THIS EQUATES TO. 8.015 PETITEER 85+ POPULATION 1984 2024 601,815 455,390 120,862 5x as many 4x as many MASS RECRUITMENT TO KEEP THE CURRENT RATIO OF AGED CARE WORKERS TO PEOPLE AGED 85+ 2044 WE NEED 77.976 WORKERS IN THE 1.655.997 14x as many THIS EQUATES TO .. A RECRUITMENT 650/MONTH LETTERS FROM THE QUEEN REPLACING THE RETIRING STAFF 1952+ 40 **GROWING NEED** TODAY 2643 4885 IN THE NEXT 30 YEARS AUSTRALIA WILL HAVE +1,200,000 MORE PEOPLE 2044 THE AVERAGE OLDER AUSTRALIAN WILL LIVE 5 YRS THAN TODAY INFOGRAPHIC BY THIS EQUATES TO mccrindle EXTRA 6,000,000 YEARS © McCrindle, Community Services & Health Industry Skills Council Source: ABS, McCrindle



- Ageing population-longevity revolution
- 15% of Australians (3.7 million) are aged 65 and over in 2016 with projected growth to 22% (8.7 million) by 2056
- 1 in 5 will be over 85 years





- WHO recognises the need to improve access to end of life and palliative care as core component of health systems –across the life course and continuum of care
- All settings where people live and die -not just hospitals & specialist palliative care services
- Increasing emphasis on primary health care and community based care
- Death and dying will affect all of us at some time so it's everyone's business
- Result is increasing pressure to provide end of life and palliative care and ensure its quality
- Department of Health funds range of programs to improve care planning, end of life and palliative care



# What is palliative care?

A person and familycentred form of active and supportive care that seeks to maximise quality of life for people with a lifelimiting illness.

End of life and Palliative care approach is *holistic* and addresses:

- physical symptoms
- emotional wellbeing
- cultural and spiritual needs
- social and family support
- Quality of Life



# > Longer and complex care needs



> Diverse population with different lived experiences

- 6.1 M born overseas
- 787 K+ identified as Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander
- 7 M live in rural and remote areas
- 3.9 M people aged 65+
- 4.3 M with disability,
   668 K+ with intellectual disability
- 11% are of diverse sexual orientation or gender identity
- 436 K+ living with dementia
- 14 K children under 15 have a life-limiting condition
- 2.7 M unpaid carers

## > 5.3 M have multimorbidity or 2 or more of the following:

- Cardiovascular disease
- Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease
- Diabetes
- Arthritis
- Cancer
- Asthma
- Cancer
- Mental health conditions

# > Increase in ageing population



3.9 M in 2017 to 7.5 M in 2047



Rise in demand of aged care services



More expected to choose to remain living at home as they age

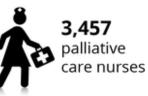
# > Workforce planning and capacity building to meet demand



> Education & training to meet requirements of providing quality, person-centred & evidence-based pallitive care In 2016, there were only



**226** palliative medicine physicians



employed nationally



Aged care staff recruitment, training & retention

# **BENEFITS**



 Offers a support system to help you live as well as possible



▶ Can help you get optimal care based on your needs, preferences, values and available resources



 Provides relief from pain and other physical and emotional distress



Offers a support system to help you address the physical, emotional, financial, social and spiritual challenges brought by the patient's illness



 Prepares you for what to expect and to participate in making decisions



➤ Can help cope with grief and bereavement

Benefits of quality palliative care providers lilling seed care providers lilling seed



 Helps provide better care through improved symptom control, pain relief and comfort for both patients and their families



 Helps reduce stress from hospital admissions



 Enables a multidisciplinary team approach to address the needs and preferences of patients and their families



 Helps manage symptoms to minimise impact on activities of daily living



▶ Helps manage acute deterioration



Helps with anticipatory prescribing and care planning at end of life



 Can help support families and provide culturally respectful care







- Care search Celebrating 10 years- palliAGED 1 year anniversary
- Major resource for end of life and palliative care in Australia
- Valuable work of continuously identifying, evaluating, synthesising and disseminating trustworthy information and best available evidence
- Free online 24/7 access to the best available evidence
- Information and resources available for the whole community -health and aged care practitioners, patients, carers, families, friends
- Build awareness, capacity, understanding and knowledge
- Linking education, research and practice –'triple strand of care'



# Why is evidence important?



- An evidence-based approach uses the best available evidence to answer clinical, care and service related questions
- Evidence is crucial in delivering the most appropriate and person centred quality end of life and palliative care for all
- Highlights the need for investment, research and improved service



# Evidence is important in Aged care



- New Aged care Quality Standards stress the need for evidence-based care
- Deliver personal and clinical care that is **best practice** and focused on the consumers needs, goals and preferences optimises their health and well-being
- Support the whole person's well-being (emotional, psychological, spiritual)
- Provide information that is up to date and accurate and easy to understand
- Assessment and planning identifies and addresses the consumer's current needs, goals and preferences, including advance care planning and end of life planning
- Deterioration or change of a consumer's condition is recognised
- Needs, goals and preferences of consumers nearing the end of life are recognised and addressed, comfort maximised and their dignity maximised



# CareSearch Commitment



We jump the hurdles to make it easier for health and aged care practitioners to put evidence into practice / We provide access to the latest evidence, information and guidance to help providers and consumers / We provide tools to help you find and use evidence for yourself

# **ENSURING YOUR 24/7 ACCESS TO THE BEST AVAILABLE EVIDENCE**

Palliative care covers many diseases and uses different treatments to address physical, emotional, social, spiritual and other needs.

Finding the best available evidence is difficult and time consuming because:

- The number of studies has grown exponentially in the past decade
- The literature covers numerous topics, journals and databases
- There is lack of consistent terminology and descriptions
- Relevant studies are not always listed as palliative care
- Some questions are difficult to answer

# What we do:

- Identify and screen over 500 systematic reviews per month
- Add over 40 systematic review studies per month
- ▶ Update over 40 webpages per month
- Add over 40 reports, guidelines and conference abstracts to the grey literature per month
- Promote our website and resources

# Why we do this:

- To highlight the latest findings
- To synthesise new implications of certain treatments and interventions to patients and services
- To provide access to current areas for further research

# **Translating Evidence into Practice**



- Can help to bridge the 'theory into practice gap'
- CareSearch helps shorten the pathway to the latest and best quality research evidence
- Summarise research findings into practical guidelines about providing the best care.
- Translate research findings into easy-tounderstand language jargon
- Information is quality-checked and has
  - HonCode certification
  - Health Direct certification







# Why Access to Quality Information Matters



# Information can help us to:

- Understand our options
- Feel more capable of making decisions
- Reduce fear and uncertainty
- Access to relevant, clear, trustworthy information helps us make informed choices
- Can be more confident of choices made when they are based on evidence
- Empowers us to ask informed questions and make informed decisions
- Information needs can change, so ongoing access to information is important



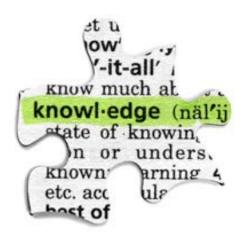




# How information can help patients, carers, and families

Consumers and carers can be reluctant to ask questions.

- People may have trouble remembering everything they are told
- Printed information from a trustworthy website can support patients and families
- My Information Kit has a selection of factsheets on key topics to print out for patients or carers and family related to dying, loss and bereavement
- It includes a cover sheet that you can write your contact details on











Information For

Clinical Evidence

What is Palliative Care

Finding Evidence

Education

Search...



# CareSearch

Death and dying will affect all of us. CareSearch provides trustworthy information about palliative care for patients, carers and families as well as for the health professionals providing their care. Just as trustworthy information can help patients and families understand what is happening and make decisions, research evidence helps clinicians provide the best possible care.

CareSearch@I0:
Making palliative
care evidence
evident MORE >





# For Health Professionals

GPs

Allied Health

Nurses

# Information For

- Residential Aged Care
- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander
- Researchers

Home

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What is Palliative Care

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Education

Search.

**#** INFORMATION FOR

# Information For

Palliative care information is important for patients and their families and for the health workforce who provide their care. These sections provide access to resources and literature relevant to the practice of palliative care for different professional groups and for patients, carers and families. They have been developed either in association with peak bodies, professional organisations and individuals from that area.



Patients, Carers and **Families** 

**GPs** 

**Residential Aged Care** 

Researchers

**Allied Health** 

Nurses

**Aboriginal and Torres** Strait Islander Care

**Related Sites** 



Understand what palliative care is and isn't



Understand, plan and manage issues when living with a life-limiting illness



Feel confident to ask questions and make informed decisions



Locate and access other palliative care resources and services



 Critically appraised and summarised clinical evidence for best practice

Tools and resources

to help with clinical

decisions



The latest systematic reviews on 135 palliative care related topics



Search filters to easily identify research findings within PubMed and grey literature



- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islanders
- Rural and remote residents
- Children

- Lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender and
- intersex patients

  Culturally and
- Culturally and linguistically diverse patients
- People with disability
- Homeless
- Prisoners
- Dementia patients
- Young carers



PQuality palliative care resources you can recommend to your patients and their carers



 Latest research findings and gaps for further studies



 Education and professional development resources



 Apps, tools and resources for health and aged care settings



Critically appraised and summarised evidence for the aged care context



Education and professional development resources to improve team and workforce capacity

# BUILDING CAPACITY BY CONNECTING THE WORKFORCE TO EDUCATION

CareSearch helps to build capacity and understanding through palliative care education.







 Deliver online professional learning courses, including the award-winning Dying2Learn



 Host a range of national and local professional education programs

# SUPPORTING THE PALLIATIVE CARE COMMUNITY

CareSearch works with many organisations and programs in Australia.



Host and provide technical support to more than 20 palliative care initiatives through our website



 Contribute our expertise to national and local projects



Link palliative care initiatives and professionals

# STRENGTHENING PALLIATIVE CARE RESEARCH IN AUSTRALIA

Research is essential for improving the quality of palliative care.



 Enable researchers to share information, collaborate and prevent duplication through our research register



 Connect people to the latest, relevant research with search filters for PubMed



 Support new researchers to design and action their study



Conduct
 research
 to build
 palliative care
 knowledge



# CareSearch

- Powers palliAGED and has a range of related projects, programs and partnerships
- Dying2Learn, ELDAC, EOL Essentials, TEL, Advance, caring@home

















- Death and Dying , Loss and Grief
- Improving death literacy
- Over 4,000 participants in MOOC
- Sharing the Dying2learn
- Useful resources and information
- Publishing research findings

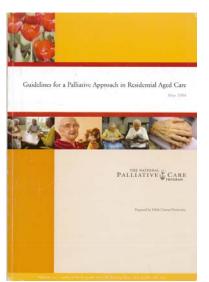








- palliAGED is an free online resource –available 24/7
- supporting quality end of life and palliative care-aged care focus
- Provides easy to find and use up to date evidence based guidance and resources about providing the best care
- Translate research findings into easy-to-understand language
- Launched in 2017 -updated revised APRAC and COMPRAC guidelines



The Palliative Approach in Residential Aged Care (APRAC)



Palliative Approach for Aged Care in the Community (COMPAC) Guidelines



Australian Context

**Evidence Centre** 

**Practice Centre** 

For the Community

SUBSCRIBE CONTACT (9) (9)

### Welcome to palliAGED

palliAGED makes it easy to find and use palliative care evidence and practice resources in aged care.

Older Australians, their families and friends are also welcome to use these trustworthy resources.



Go to Evidence Centre

Go to Practice Centre

For the Community

### palliAGED apps Videos What's New The palliAGED agos provide nurses and Tweets by BENDAGED information to help them care for people approaching the end of their life. palliAGED Directions for Aged Care) a new unine resources and services in the one place entacione au GELDAC agestions palliAGED

Follow palliAGED



The Impact of palliAGED on the aged care sector











palliAGED is funded by the Australian Government Department of Health. palliAGED is managed by CareSearch,

About the Project

### Quick Links

Farmly Resources

If you have any queries, please contact us





palliAGED makes it easy to find and use palliative care evidence and practice in aged care

For health and aged care workers and older Australians, their carers and families



# **Evidence into everyday practice**

**Evidence Centre** provides a single gateway to support fast and reliable access to evidence to inform good practice

- evidence summaries
- practical information for a large number of relevant symptoms, medicines, clinical issues and care practices
- guidance on how to find and use evidence

# **Practice Centre -** complementary

- provides practical options to apply in practice
- What can I do, what can I learn, what can organisation do
- links to tools and practice resources



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# Evidence Centre > Evidence Summaries > Communication at End-of-Life

### Evidence Summaries

- Advance Care Planning (ACP)
- Advocacy
- > Bereavement
- > Care Coordination
- Case Conferences
- Cognitive Issues
- Communication Skills
- > Communication at End-of-Life
- Communication at End-of-Life - Synthesis
- Comorbidity
- Costs and Economics
- Deprescribing
- Education Carer
- Education Workforce
- Elder Abuse
- Emergency Planning
- > Environmental Modification
- Family Carers
- Family Conflict
- Goals of Care
- Managing Crises
- Models of Care
- Needs Assessment
- Nutrition
- Quality of Life
- Referral
- Resilience
- Respite Care
- Self Care
- Social Support
- Spiritual Care
- Syringe Drivers

### Communication at End-of-Life

### **Key Messages**

- Good communication underpins the quality of palliative care [1] and is associated with better quality of life for older adults receiving palliative care.
   [2]
- Older adults would like the opportunity to discuss their end-of-life needs and often value frank conversations with health care professionals. [2-4]
- Older adults are more likely to wait for health professionals to raise the topic of end-of-life discussion than initiate the discussion [5,6]
- It is often not clear which health professional should lead end-of-life discussions. [1-3,5] Preferably, this should be someone with whom the person feels comfortable and with whom he or she will have regular contact. [1,3,5]
- The timing, content, pace and setting of conversations are important in helping people deal with difficult issues at or near end-of-life. [3,5]
- Older adults may want practical information on how their condition will affect activities of daily living and what to expect as health deteriorates, but may not want prognostic information. [5,6]

### Search PubMed

EoL Comms: Palliative & Aged

EoL Comms: Palliative only

EoL Comms: Aged only

About these searches

**Practice Points** 

**Read Synthesis** 

### Background

Recent years have seen significant improvement in the provision of palliative and end-of-life care, with communication between health professionals, the patient and their family at the core of a positive end-of-life experience. [2] There is concern that despite improvements in care, discussion of end-of-life planning is not always delivered in a timely manner, may be ineffective or of poor quality. [1,4,5]

This review aims to discuss the evidence for timely initiation of end-of-life discussion and how older adults would prefer to receive this information.

### **Evidence Summary**

A significant number of older adults with non-malignant but progressive and life-limiting conditions receive palliative and end-of-life care. [7] The importance of good communication in the end-of-life phase has long been recognised by health care providers and has been shown to improve patient and family understanding, enhance therapeutic

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♠ Practice Centre → Exidence in Practice → Communication at End-of-Life

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- \* Managing Crises Models of Cate
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- Respite Care
- Self Care
- + Social Support
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### Workforce For GPs

Practice Points

### palliAGED Apps

- Projects and Resources
- Tatabasath Bescurrars
- Training and Education
- Dving by dence

### Communication at End-of-Life

Communication between a person receiving palliative care, their family, and health professionals is at the core of a positive end-of-life experience. Older adults would like the opportunity to discuss their end-of-life needs and often value frank conversations with health care professionals. The timing, content, pace and setting of conversations are important in helping people deal with difficult issues at or rear and-of-life. Many older adults may wait for health professionals to raise the topic. of end-of-life discussion and often it is not clear which health professional should lead end-of-life

Communicating about end-of-life issues can be difficult. You may like to ask how you can help. Harnember that listening and acknowledging concerns may be of great comfort.

Patient and families appreciate being listened to, being invited to ask questions. You may not know the answer to every question, but you can be of help by sharing information. "Here is a brochure, maybe you could talk to ... about ..."

Familiarise yourself with types of questions people may ask Asking questions can help. An aid for people seeing the palliative care team (614kb pdf).

Checking a person's understanding of the current situation is a good way to start a discussion. You can use ask-tell-ask technique to structure these discussions.

Use Communication Cards to communicate with people in their preferred language, gironi The Centre for Cultural Diversity in Ageing)

### What can Hearn?

- about breaking news, helping people plan, supporting carers and identifying end of the patients from Dying Matters.
- about active listening (158kb pdf).
- a factsheet: Tallong with Families (75kb pdf) from the PA Toolkit.
- Supporting a good and of Life' (544kb pdf) for tips on communication for staff of residential aged care facilities.
- Palliative Care Network of Wisconsin Fast Facts and Concepts Hisponding to Patient
- Clayton J. Hancock K., Butow P., Tatternall M., Currow O. Clinical practice guidelines for life-limiting illners, and then caregivers. Med J Aust. 2007 Jun 18,185(12 Suppl):577, 579, 583-108
- Therapeutic Goldefines Communicating with the patient in pulliative care isobscription required).
- Responding to Strong Emptions from CaraSearch.
- The Vital Talk website has tips and eyen the VITALTalk Tips app.

- Palkative Care and the Human Connection: Ten steps for what to say and do when talking about pallative care. It is principally for doctors but can be of interest to many
- life (48 minutes) from the PA Looks.

### Use the PCC4U online learning modules to learn about.

- Communicating with people with life-limiting diseases.
- Communication principles.
- Responding to losses.
- End-al-life concerns.

### What can my organisation do?

end-of life care discussions or review discussions.

Have readily available to families Asking questions can help. An aid for people seeing the pulletive sare team.



Providing comfortable non-clinical meeting rooms for end-of-life discussions may offer a more nurturing environment for discussion, putting everyone at ease.

Have a member of staff or key health professional provide a telephone follow up after initial discussions to check how information has been received and understood. Offering the opportunity to clarify information may reduce stress and anxiety experienced by the person and his/her family.

# What can I do?

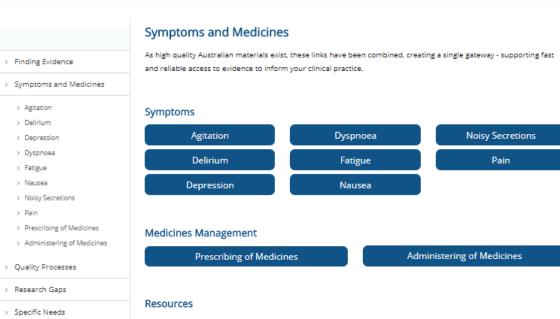
# What can I learn?

What can my organisation do?



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# Evidence Centre > Symptoms and Medicines



While many of these resources are freely available, others require a subscription in order to access the link.

### Open access

- CareSearch website
- > Caring Safely at Home Project Queensland
- > Eastern Metropolitan Region Palliative Care Consortium
- > eviQ: Cancer Treatments Online
- palliAGEDgp Smartphone application
- > Tasmanian Government Specialist Palliative Care Service
- > The Council of Australian Therapeutic Advisory Groups (CATAG)

### Subscription only

- Australian Medicines Handbook (AMH)
- > Therapeutic Guidelines (Palliative Care)
- Palliative Care Formulary (PCF)
- > Australian Don't Rush to Crush Handbook
- Australian Injectable Drugs Handbook

For information on subscriptions, refer to Australian Medicines Handbook, Therapeutic Guidelines, Palliative Care Formulary, Australian Don't Rush to Crush Handbook, and the Australian Injectable Drugs Handbook websites for details.

This content was developed for the Decision Assist program, and is managed by CareSearch.



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For the Community

# For the Community

Older Australians are generally fit and well and most are living in their own home. Over time they may need more support and there are many different services that can help them remain independent. However, some because of cognitive issues such as dementia or specific conditions like breathlessness may need more care. Families are often involved in providing this support and care, directly or indirectly.

As an older person ages, they will become frailer and underlying conditions may worsen and they will enter the last phase of their life. Understanding how things will change as the older person moves towards death and by talking about what type of care will be needed is often helpful for both the person and the family.

These pages provide information on palliative care and end of life care and on services and resources that can help the person and their families.



End of Life Care Finding Services Helpful Resources Videos



# palliAGED Apps

- Apps provide easy and convenient access to information anywhere anytime
- palliAGEDnurse and palliAGEDgp App
- Web based updated as new evidence and resources are released
- Base on Palliative Approach Framework pathways of care
- Online-offline capacity use with or without the internet

Download now via

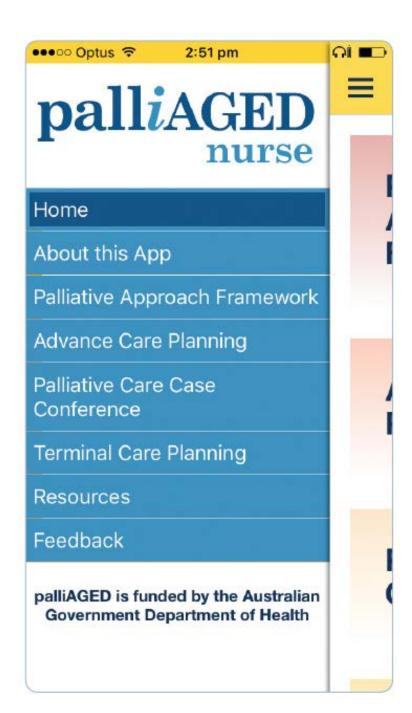


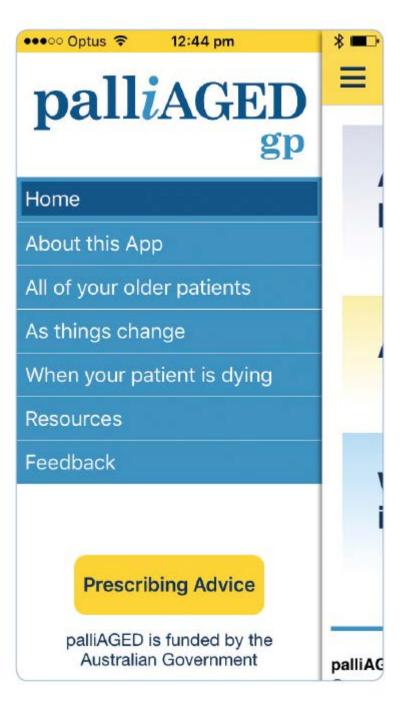
Apple iTunes App Store™



Play Store for Android™









# CareSearch-palliAGED Engagement

- Building knowledge and awareness through sector engagement
- Engagement project Aged, Allied Health and Patients, Carers, Families
- We welcome comments, feedback and involvement

'A life well lived deserves a good ending '



# palliAGED Practice Tip Sheets for Aged Care



- Developed to support people providing palliative care to older people –careworkers and nurses
- Key care issues are presented in a concise format, with companion sheets available for training and support







# www.caresearch.com.au www.palliaged.com.au



CareSearch recognises the many people who contribute their time and expertise including members of the CareSearch and palliAGED Advisory Groups.

We welcome your enquiries and feedback at anytime



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